Atlantic Records of Glossodoris sedna (Gastropoda: Nudibranchia): A Correction by William G. Lyons Florida Marine Research Institute, 100 Eighth Avenue SE St. Petersburg, Florida 33701, USA

BERTSCH (1988) documented the first western Atlantic records of the nudibranch *Glossodoris sedna* (Marcus & Marcus, 1967), a species previously known only from the tropical eastern Pacific Ocean. The western Atlantic records were based upon two specimens from Tavernier Key and photographs of specimens from Key Largo and "Biscayne Bay," all locations in south Florida.

I provided the photograph upon which the Biscayne Bay record was based, but that location is incorrect. The specimen of *Glossodoris sedna* in my photograph was one of four specimens that I collected in the northeastern Bahama Islands during 3–9 May 1978. The specimens were found together among gorgonian octocorals and algae on rocks in depths less than 1 m near an islet (26°49'N, 77°20'W) immediately north of Green Turtle Cay, Great Abaco.

BERTSCH (1988:398) found it curious that *Glossodoris sedna* was recorded only from localities within 75 km of each other in south Florida and not from other localities in the Caribbean. The record here corrected to the Bahama Islands (approximately 350 km from south Florida) suggests that *G. sedna* may occur elsewhere in the northern Caribbean region.

The four Bahamian specimens of Glossodoris sedna are preserved in alcohol (catalogue number FSBC I 32677) in the Marine Invertebrate Collection of the State of Florida Marine Research Institute at St. Petersburg.

Literature Cited

BERTSCH, H. 1988. Anatomy and zoogeography of Glossodoris sedna and Chromodoris grahami (Opisthobranchia: Nudibranchia) in the tropical western Atlantic and Caribbean. Veliger 30(4):395–399.

The Anthony D'Attilio Student Research Grant in Malacology

The San Diego Shell Club has announced a one-time single research grant of \$1000 through the Anthony D'Attilio Grant.

The successful applicant must be in a formal graduate degree program in a U.S. academic institution and the thesis or dissertation topic must further knowledge of the systematics of the Mollusca. The topic may involve research on marine, land, or freshwater mollusks worldwide.

The following documents are required for each application: (1) A proposal, limited to three pages, that discusses the research project and details the work to be aided by this grant and its malacological significance; (2) A budget that outlines how these funds will be used; (3) A curriculum vita or resume; (4) A letter of recommendation from the applicant's thesis advisor; (5) A list of grants and amounts that are currently being received or are anticipated to be received in the 1990–1991 academic year; and (6) An overview of the research project to be sent or presented to the San Diego Shell Club on completion of the project.

The funds are available for the purchase of research materials, usage fees (electron microscope and computer), and travel costs to museums or institutions having resources vital to the research topic.

Completed applications must be received no later than 1 December 1989. Please send to:

Anthony D'Attilio Grant San Diego Shell Club 3883 Mt. Blackburn Ave. San Diego, California 92111, USA

For further information, contact Carole Hertz (619) 277-6259.